# Investigating Seed Dispersal by Wind

Aim: To investigate how effective the drop and roll seed dispersal is.

### Equipment:

- Some fruit with seeds, e.g. sycamore fruit
- Metre ruler
- Masking tape
- Electric fan

#### Method:

Step 1: Decide on a fixed height to drop the fruit from (ensure you are standing on a flat and stable surface)

Step 2: Make a small cross on the floor below your dropping point, with the masking tape

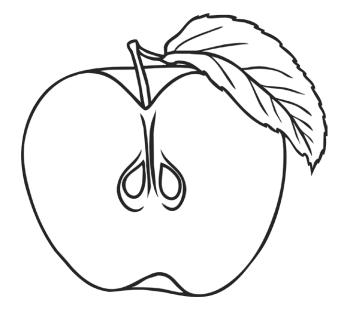
Step 3: Drop your fruit above the cross, at your fixed height, one at a time

Step 4: Use your metre ruler to measure how far from the cross each fruit has travelled

Step 5: Carefully record all your results in a table

Step 6: Repeat the investigation, but this time place the electric fan about half way up the height of your dropping point (on a desk will work well), and pointing to where your fruit will fall. Make sure it is switched on and at the same speed each time

Step 7: Carefully record all your results in a table



#### Questions:

- 1. Which conditions caused the seeds to be dispersed furthest?
- 2. How do you think some fruit and seeds are adapted for wind dispersal?
- 3. Why was it important to keep the fan switched on at the same speed?
- 4. Other than collecting repeated results, how could you check if your data is reliable?





#### Answers:

- Which conditions caused the seeds to be dispersed furthest?
  It is expected that the seeds will have dispersed further in the windy conditions.
- How do you think some fruit and seeds are adapted for wind dispersal?
  Some fruits and seeds are lightweight; they have a wing-like structure to help them to be carried in the wind; and a large surface area.
- 3. Why was it important to keep the fan switched on at the same speed? To ensure the investigation is valid (a fair test).
- Other than collecting repeated results, how could you check if your data is reliable?
  Compare results with another pair / group. Use secondary sources such as the internet or books.
  Ask another scientist to carry out your investigation and compare the results.



## Results table:

Conditions	Distance dispersed (cm)					Average distance (cm)
	Drop 1	Drop 2	Drop 3	Drop 4	Drop 5	
Fan off						
(not windy)						
Fan on						
(windy)						



